RAMP UP – LIFTOFF Lesson Plan

Title of Lesson:	Ready, Set, Blast-Off! – Utilizing Straw Rockets to Learn about Engineering Design
Grade Level:	1
AL COS Standard:	N/A
NGSS:	K-2 ETS1-2: Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.
Learning Targets/Objectives:	 Students will develop a model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem. Students will develop an effective wing design using straw and index cards to launch and hit a target from different angles and distances.
Materials Needed:	 ■ Book Incredible Inventions by Lee Bennett Hopkins Link to purchase on Amazon -
	 Other Materials Target - Can print one for free on coloringhome.com Classroom items that can be used as a target at different distances Poster board for students to create their own targets Pencils, crayons, markers Scissors Tape RAMP UP LIFTOFF Kit

	 All materials needed for the LIFTOFF experiment are included in the kit.
	Links to the videos and the book can also be found on the LIFTOFF Kit Resources page https://uahrampup.org/liftoff/
Preparation:	 Educator will select an open space (e.g., hallway, courtyard, gym, etc.) to complete the experiment. Educators will set up targets at different distances across the space Educator will have a LiftOff Guide, which includes materials and step by step instructions for how to set up the launcher. Educators will prepare a target worksheet or poster board for students to create their target. Educator will prepare the straw rocket launcher.
Lesson Logistics:	This lesson will take 4 days to incorporate fully with 45 minutes each day.
	Day 1: Introduction to Engineering
	 whole group instruction video – The Engineer Song read book introduce the problem think, pair, share K in KWL chart
	Day 2: Straw Rocket Launcher Experiment
	 students will be divided into groups of 4 students will perform experiment in the hallway students will fill out W in KWL chart
	Day 3: Explain and Extend portion
	 discuss key concepts and vocabulary video - Potential and Kinetic Energy - Law of Conservation of Energy - Video for Kids group discussion brainstorm and develop different fin shapes
	Day 4: Informal Evaluation
	 students will fill out L in KWL chart students will work in groups

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Vocabulary Words:	• engineer
	• angle
	• force
	• energy
	• distance
	• target
	• shape
Safety Considerations:	Seek LiftOff Guide for safety considerations.
Engage:	Day 1:
	Essential Questions:
	- What is Engineering?
	- How can engineering help us solve a problem?
	 How can engineering neip us solve a problem: How can the shape of an object help it function to solve a problem?
	Step 1: At the beginning of this lesson, the teacher will start the
	science lesson with whole group instruction by activating prior
	knowledge. The teacher will ask students, "What do you think
	Engineering is?" The teacher will call on students to share their
	answers. The teacher will then explain what an engineer is and
	give some examples. "An engineer is someone who invents and
	builds things to help solve a problem."
	curies timigs to help solve a problem.
	Step 2: The teacher will lead students to the carpet area (or they
	may stay at their desks) to watch <i>The Engineer Song</i> video.
	After the song plays, ask students, "What did you notice in the
	video?" Teacher will call on students for answers.
	video? Teacher will can on students for answers.
	Teacher will ask students, "how do you think engineering helps
	us solve a problem? Turn to your partner and share your ideas."
	Teacher will then call on students for answers. Teacher will
	introduce the book, <i>Incredible Inventions</i> by Lee Bennett
	Hopkins and explain that inventions can come from all shapes
	and sizes and that anyone can be an engineer with a little
	imagination. During the book, the teacher will frequently pause
	and check for understanding.
	Step 3: Following the book, the teacher will introduce the
	experiment for tomorrow. The teacher will say, "Let's put our
	engineer caps on. If we were engineers and developed a rocket
	to launch a straw into the air, how can the shape of our wings
	to realien a straw into the air, now can the shape of our wings

function to hit a target at different angles?" Students will pair-share their idea.
Step 4: At the end of the 45 minutes, teacher will create a KWL chart and fill out the "K" at the front of the class. The teacher will ask "What do we know from today's lesson?" Fill out the "W" at the front of the class. The teacher will ask "What do we want to know from today's lesson?"
Day 2:
Step 1: The teacher will start this lesson by activating prior knowledge and asking students what they remember from yesterday. Teacher will pull up the KWL chart and reference the "K" and "W" chart.
Step 2: The teacher will introduce the "Straw Rocket Launcher experiment and go over safety precautions (see LiftOff Guide for safety considerations).
Step 3: The teacher will pass out either poster board or the target worksheet for students to create their own target. Then, the teacher will pass out the Straw Rocket Launcher already assembled to groups of 4 students. The teacher will pass out supplies from the Straw Rocket Launcher kit (straw, index card, ear plug, scissors, tape).
Step 4: The teacher will model the experiment as students are completing the experiment. The teacher will ask the question: "How can the shape affect how you hit the target?" Remind students their wings (index card) need to help the straw fly to hit the target and to be creative with their shapes.
Step 5: The teacher will walk students to the designated area with their rocket launchers and targets. The teacher will allow students to set up their targets with tape (within reasonable distance). The students will test out the straw rocket launchers-students can move targets and move angles to hit the target.
Step 6: Take students back into the classroom: Fill out the "L" part of the KWL chart. Ask students, "What did we learn from this experiment?"
Day 3:
Step 1: For further explanation, the teacher can introduce the key concepts and vocabulary used in this lesson plan. The

teacher will ask students, "How did our wings help our straw fly and hit the target?" "What did we need?"
Step 2: After gathering student answers, show the video Potential and Kinetic Energy - Law of Conservation of Energy - Video for Kids. Discuss how energy makes wings fly. Discuss how the energy makes the wings on our straw fly.
Or: go over vocabulary and have students think-pair-share their ideas.
Day 3 Cont.:
Step 1: To extend knowledge, students can work with partners or groups to discuss how different shapes could have gotten different results.
Step 2: Reference the "KWL" chart and share what we know.
Step 3: Encourage students to develop different shapes and ask how the distance would be affected with using different shaped fins.
Day 4:
Step 1: At the beginning of this lesson, go over the "KWL" chart. Go over section "K" and have students choral read. Go over section "W" and have students choral read. Go over section "L" and have students choral read.
Step 2: Have students pair-share about what they have learned over the past days. Encourage students to talk about key concepts and ideas.
Step 3: Have students "retell" as a means of gauging understanding. In groups, students will show the teacher their rockets and straws from the day prior and retell what happened during their experiment.
Example questions to guide this assessment:
 Ask about fin shape Ask about fin placement Ask about different angles and what happened when the straw rockets were launched at these angles